

- 1) A
- 2) A
- 3) C
- 4) C
- 5) A
- 6) C
- 7) A
- 8)

- (a) (i) mass / volume ... (ratio must be clear)..... B1
 (ii) kg m^{-3} OR kg / m^3 B1 [2]

9)

- (a) $m = \rho V$ B1 [1]
 (b) pressure in liquid depends on depth B1
 bottom of sphere has greater pressure on it than top M1
 so resultant force or pressure is upwards A1 [3]

10)

- (a) mass / volume (ratio idea essential) B1 [1]
 (b) (i) $\text{mass} = Ah\rho$ B1 [1]
 (ii) pressure = force/area B1
 weight (of liquid)/force (on base) = $Ah\rho g$ B1
 pressure = $h\rho g$ A0 [2]
 (c) (i) ratio = 1600 or 1600:1 A1 [1]
 (ii) ratio = $\sqrt[3]{1600}$ C1
 = 11.7 (allow 12) A1 [2]
 (d) (i) density of solids and liquids are (about) equal B1 [1]
 (ii) strong forces: fixed volume B1
 rigid forces: retains shape / does not flow / little deformation B1 [2]
 (allow 1 mark for fixed volume, fixed shape)