

- 1) B
- 2) B
- 3) B
- 4) C
- 5) A
- 6) C
- 7) C
- 8) B
- 9) A
- 10) B
- 11) A
- 12) C
- 13) D
- 14) C
- 15) B
- 16) D

- (a) (i) mass / volume ... (ratio must be clear)..... B1
 (ii) kg m^{-3} OR kg / m^3 B1 [2]
- (b) v has unit of m s^{-1} B1
 p / ρ has unit of $\text{kg m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2} / \text{kg m}^{-3}$ (no e.c.f. from (a)) M1
 $\sqrt{(p / \rho)}$ has unit of m s^{-1} A1
 LHS = RHS so γ has no unit A0 [3]

- 17)
- 18)

- kg m^{-3} B1
 frequency or count rate or activity or decay constant B1
 NC^{-1} or V m^{-1} or $\text{kg m s}^{-2} \text{C}^{-1}$ etc. B1
 momentum or impulse..... B1 [4]
 (Allow solidus notation and non SI units)

- 19)

- (a) (i) force per unit area (ratio idea essential) B1
 (ii) $\text{kg m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-2}$ B1 [2]
- (b) ρ has base unit kg m^{-3} B1
 g has base unit m s^{-2} B1
 $h\rho g$ has base unit $\text{m} \times \text{kg m}^{-3} \times \text{m s}^{-2}$ M1
 same as pressure QED A0 [3]

- 20)

- (a) kg m s^{-2} B1 [1]
 (b) $\text{kg m}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ B1 [1]

21)

- (a) (i) $Q = It$ (allow any subject for the equation) B1 [1]
- (ii) $\frac{I}{t}$ B1
 (allow 1 mark only if all three quoted) B1 [2]
- (b) (i) base unit of I is A
 base unit of n is m^{-3} (not $/m^{-3}$)
 base unit of S is m^2
 base unit of q is A s (not C)
 base unit of v is $m s^{-1}$
 (-1 for each error or omission) B3 [3]
- (ii) $A = m^{-3} m^2 A s (m s^{-1})^k$ M1
 e.g. for m: $0 = -3 + 2 + k$
 $k = 1$ A1 [2]

22)

- (a) e.g. time (s), current (A), temperature (K), amount of substance (mol),
 luminous intensity (cdl)
 1 each, max 3 B3 [3]
- (b) density = mass / volume C1
 unit of density: $kg m^{-3}$ C1
 unit of acceleration: $m s^{-2}$ C1
 unit of pressure: $kg m^{-3} m s^{-2} m$ B1
 $kg m^{-1} s^{-2}$ B1 [5]
 (allow 4/5 for solution in terms of only dimensions)