



Moments

Mark Scheme

Name: _____

Class: _____

Date: _____

Time: **56 minutes**

Marks: **56 marks**

Comments:

Mark schemes

1	300	<i>allow 1 mark for rearranging equation or correct substitution</i>	[2]
2	(a) 60	<i>allow 1 mark for correct substitution (with d in metres), ie $36 = F \times 0.6$ an answer of 0.6 or 6 gains 1 mark</i>	2
	(b)	<i>the line of action of the weight lies outside the base / bottom (of the bag) accept line of action of the weight acts through the side accept the weight (of the bag) acts outside the base / bottom (of the bag)</i>	1
		<i>a resultant / overall / unbalanced moment acts (on the bag) accept the bag is not in equilibrium do not accept the bag is unbalanced</i>	1
			[4]
3	(a) (line of action of) its weight		1
		<i>falls inside its wheel base accept 'falls between the wheels' the first two points may be credited by adding a vertical line from the centre of the X on the diagram (1) and labelling it weight / force / with a downwards arrow (1) provided there is no contradiction between what is added to the diagram and anything which may be written</i>	1
		<i>(so there is) no (resultant / clockwise) moment / turning effect</i>	1
	(b) centre of mass should be lower	<i>accept '... centre of gravity' accept 'weight / mass low down' not just 'lower the roof'</i>	1
		<i>wheel base should be wider accept 'long axle(s)' for 'wide wheel base' allow bigger / larger wheel base do not credit '<u>long</u> wheel base' responses in either order</i>	1

4

(a) 1.2

allow 1 mark for conversion of 2.4 kN to 2400 N
or for correct transformation without conversion
ie $d = 2880 \div 2.4$

2

metre(s)/m

1

(b) any **two** from:

- as the load increases the (total) clockwise moment increases
- danger is that the fork lift truck / the load will topple / tip forward
- (this will happen) when the total clockwise moment is equal to (or greater than) the anticlockwise moment
accept moments will not be balanced
- (load above 10.0 kN) moves line of action (from C of M) outside base (area)

2

[5]

5

(a) the point at which the (total) mass seems to act / appears to be concentrated

*accept 'weight' for 'mass'**accept the point at which gravity seems to act**do **not** accept a definitive statement eg where (all) the mass is*

1

(b) wider / larger base*marks are for a correct comparison*

1

lower centre of mass*accept lower centre of gravity / c of g*

1

(c) line of action (of the weight) lies / falls inside the base*in each case the underlined term must be used correctly to gain the mark*

1

the resultant moment returns mixer to its original position*accept there is no resultant moment / resultant moment is zero**accept resulting moment for resultant moment**do **not** accept converse argument*

1

[5]

6

(a) 38 400

allow 6.4×6000 for 1 mark

2

Nm **or** newton metres*do **not** credit 'nm', 'mN' or 'metre newtons'*

1

(b) 16 000 (N) **or** 16 kN*allow 1 mark for $38\,400 \div 2.4$* *accept their (a) $\div 2.4$ correctly calculated for 2 marks**accept their (a) $\div 2.4$ for 1 mark*

2

[5]**7**

(a) 960 (Nm)

1

see-saw is in equilibrium

*accept see-saw is balanced**see-saw is stationary is insufficient*

1

(total) clockwise moments = anticlockwise moment

*accept no resultant moment**forces are balanced is insufficient**an answer clockwise moments balance the anticlockwise moments
gains 2 marks*

1

(b) (i) 600 (Nm)

1

(ii) 375 (N) **or** their (b)(i) $\div 1.6$ correctly calculated*do **not** credit if (b)(i) is larger than 960**allow 1 mark for correct substitution **and** transformation ie*

$$\frac{600}{1.6} \text{ or } \frac{\text{their (b)(i)}}{1.6}$$

2

[6]

8

- (a) (i) will not fall over (1)
accept will not easily fall over (2)

or

centre of mass will remain above the base (1)
(line of action of the) weight will remain above within the base
accept centre of gravity / c of g / c of m / c m

if the monitor is given a small push (1)
depends on mark above

2

- (ii) (total) clockwise moment = (total) anticlockwise moment
or they are equal / balanced

1

- (b) the position of the centre of mass has changed (1)
 the line of action of the weight is outside the base (1)
 producing a (resultant) moment (1)
points may be expressed in any order

3

[6]

9

- (a) motor effect

1

- (b) increase the strength of the magnet

or

increase the current

1

- (c) $4.8 \times 10^{-4} = F \times 8 \times 10^{-2}$

1

$$F = 6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (N)}$$

1

$$6 \times 10^{-3} = B \times 1.5 \times 5 \times 10^{-2}$$

1

$$B = \frac{6 \times 10^{-3}}{7.5 \times 10^{-2}}$$

1

$$B = 8 \times 10^{-2} \text{ or } 0.08$$

1

allow 8×10^{-2} **or** 0.08 with no working shown for **5** marks

a correct method with correct calculation using an incorrect value of F gains **3** marks

Tesla

accept T

1

do not accept t

[8]

10

(a) (i) turning

accept turning ringed in the box

1

(ii) point at which mass (or weight) may be thought to be concentrated

accept the point from which the weight appears to act

allow focused for concentrated

do **not** accept most / some of the mass

do **not** accept region / area for point

1

(b) 600 (Nm)

400×1.5 gains **1** mark provided no subsequent steps shown

2

(c) (i) plank rotates clockwise

accept girl moves downwards

do **not** accept rotates to the right

1

(total) CM > (total) ACM

accept moment is larger on the girl's side

1

weight of see-saw provides CM

answer must be in terms of moment

maximum of **2** marks if there is no reference to the weight of the see-saw

1

(ii) $W = 445$ (N)

$W \times 1.5 = (270 \times 0.25) + (300 \times 2.0)$ gains **2** marks

allow for **1** mark:

total CM = total ACM either stated or implied

or

$(270 \times 0.25) + (300 \times 2.0)$

if no other marks given

3

[10]